

MISSION

To develop a system
that produces a workforce with the required
skills to maintain and enhance
the Michigan economy.

The Career Development System

WDBs



- K-12, community colleges, universities
- Integrated curricula
- Career awareness
- High academic standards
- Apprenticeships
- CTE
- Applied learning
- Internships



- Skills upgrades
- Credentialing
- Career planning

Workforce Development System

- Michigan Works! Service Centers
 - Adult education
 - Work First
 - WIA
 - WIIA



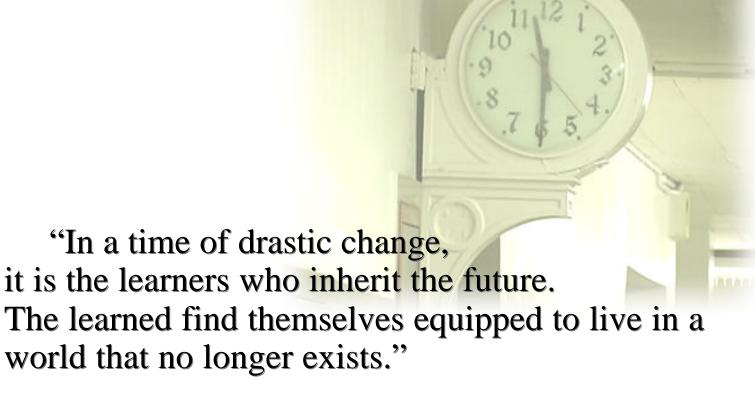




Michigan's Career Preparation System

EDUCATION THAT WORKS!





--- Eric Hoffer



Job Skill Level Changes (1950-2000) 1950 **Unskilled - 60% Skilled - 20% Professional - 20%** 1991 **Skilled - 45%** Unskilled - 35% Professional - 20% 2000 **Skilled - 65%** Unskilled - 15% **Professional - 20%**





85% of high school sophomores aspire to at least a 4-year college

Professional occupations make up only 20% of all jobs.

66% of 1998 high school graduates enrolled in colleges or universities.

More Facts about Education and Economics

53% of those who enroll in a4-year program graduate6 years later.

A 4-year college education is getting more expensive each year. Loans comprise 55% of all financial aid.

Only 32% of students who graduate with a bachelor's degree find a job in their field of study.



College Completion Success Rates

INSTITUTION	YEAR ENROLLED	PERCENT GRADUATED	NUMBER OF YEARS
MSU	1993	64%	6
U of M	1993	82%	6
WMU	1993	55%	6
NATIONALLY	1989	53%	6





vecessary academic skins

Ability to pay

Clear direction or focus

Commitment to complete



-- Dr. Kenneth Gray, Penn State University



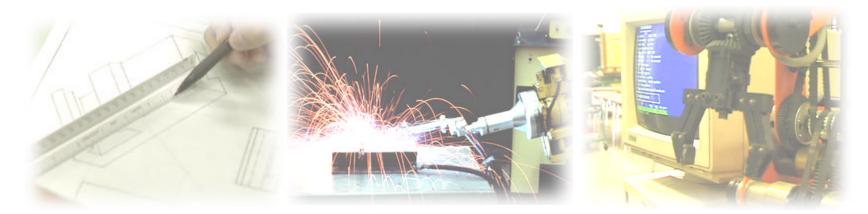




What Is Career Preparation?

In Michigan, it is a system designed to give all students a jump-start on their futures by providing them with opportunities to explore a variety of careers throughout their K-12 education and beyond.





What Is the Mission of the Career Preparation System?

All students completing Michigan's educational system will have the necessary academic, technical and work behavior skills for success in a career of their choice and lifelong learning.





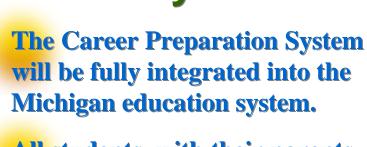
Premise of the Career Preparation System

Sooner or later, most people seek employment.



What Are the Goals of the Career

Preparation System?



All students, with their parents, will be prepared to make informed education and career choices.

All students will have the types and levels of skills, knowledge and performance valued and required in their education and career choices.





How Long Has the Career Preparation System Been in Existence?

Michigan's Career Preparation System was created through amendments to the FY 1997-98 School Aid Act and a 1997 Executive Order by the Governor.



What Can Parents Do to Encourage their Children in Career Planning?

Talk with their children about favorite school subjects, hobbies and interests and how these relate to careers

Visit job fairs, open houses and other careeroriented events with their children

Encourage their children's schools to provide real-work experiences through field trips, speakers, etc.

Provide a positive role model by sharing their own career experiences





Provide students and their schools with tours, speakers, job shadowing and

other non-paid work experiences, and school-to-registered apprenticeships

Collaborate with educators to develop an integrated curriculum

Offer internship opportunities to teachers and school counselors

Assist educators in assessing student performance and evaluating programs through peer review committees



What Can Teachers Do to Promote Career Preparation?

Integrate real-world examples into their teaching to help students see the connection between various careers and what they learn in the classroom

Provide real-work experiences through field trips, speakers, tours, job shadowing and mentoring

Explore with students their talents, likes and dislikes

Introduce Career Pathways as a way for students to plan for future careers



Existing Initiatives Need to Be Aligned

Academic Core Curriculum Standards and Benchmarks School Improvement

Michigan
Curriculum Framework

Eisenhower
Mathematics and
Science

Tech Prep

Accreditation

Goals 2000

School-to-Work

Others...

Career and Technical Education

Existing Initiatives Need to Be Aligned

Academic Core Curriculum Standards and Benchmarks Michigan Curriculum Framework

Accreditation

Goals 2000

Eisenhower - Mathematics and Science

School Improvement

Tech Prep

School-to-Work

Career and Technical Education

Others...

How Do Workforce Development Boards (WDBs) Get Involved with Education?

Each WDB has the responsibility for appointing an Education Advisory Group (EAG) for its local area.

EAGs consist of superintendents, community college presidents, business leaders and other officials.

Each EAG is responsible for leading strategic planning for educational programs in its respective region.



Michigan Workforce Development Agencies



Career
Preparation
Planning
Areas



Components of the Career Preparation System

- Academic preparation (integrated curriculum/contextual learning)
- Career development
- Workplace readiness (employability skills/life skills)
- Professional and technical education
- Work-based learning (job shadowing, mentoring, etc.)
- **Accountability**
- **School Improvement**





Career Awareness

Career Exploration

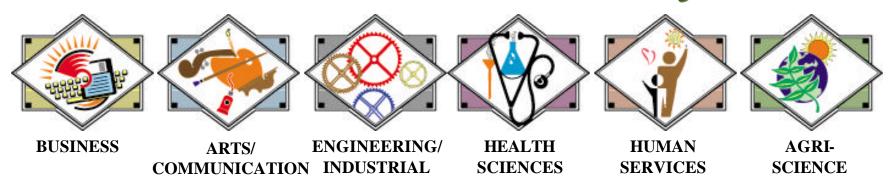
Career Assessment

Education Development Plans

College Placement



What Are Career Pathways?

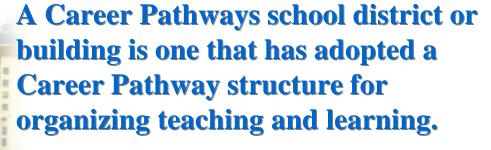


This is the mainstay of the Career Preparation System. Career Pathways are six broad groupings of careers that share similar characteristics and whose employment requirements call for many common interests, strengths and competencies.



Why Create Career Pathway





Integrating Career Pathways into the school curriculum improves:



Student attendance

Student achievement

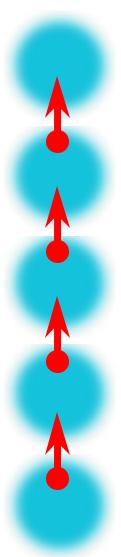
Student career decision making

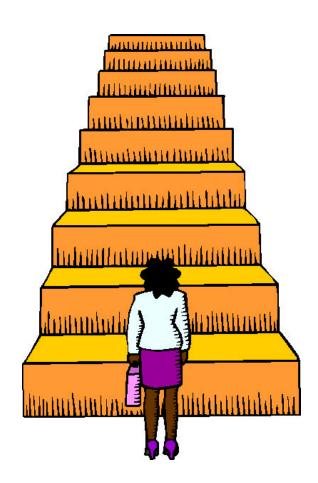
Student career goal attainment



Career Ladder

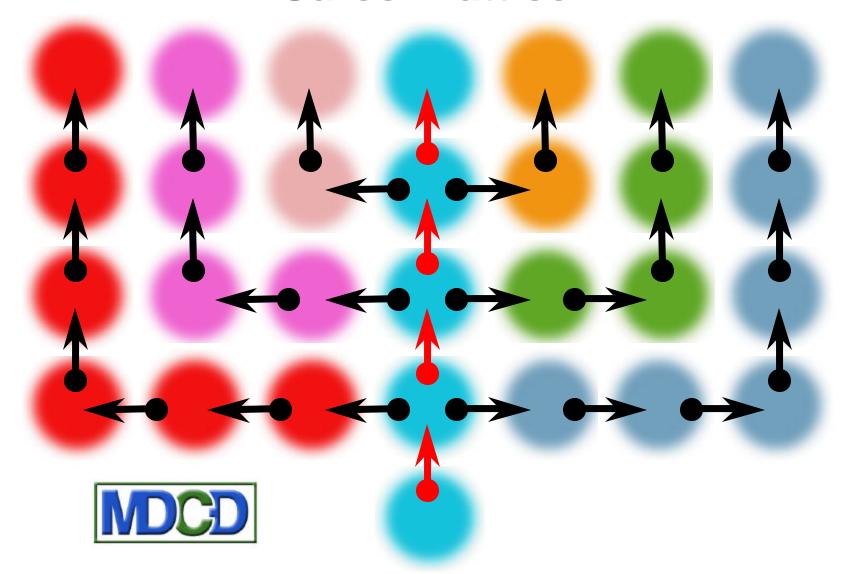








Career Lattice



What Are Some Characteristics of the Six Career Pathways?

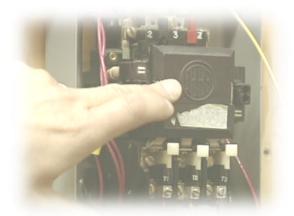
Encompass the entire spectrum of career options

Provide opportunities for all students and all ability levels

Offer significant potential for knowledge and skill transferability within the pathway

Encompass the full range of work requirements within each pathway from entry level to the more advanced









Each Career Pathway Includes:

Examples of specific careers

Level of education required for each

Relevant courses in school

Fast-growing occupations

Personal characteristics related to success



How Do the Six Career Pathways Help Students?

Help students see how school subjects relate to the world of work

Help students examine interests, goals and talents and how these can relate to a chosen career

Challenge students to develop high academic skills

Provide students with support and encouragement through mentors and role models from the business community

Help students learn about emerging career opportunities













Business, Management, Marketing and Technology Pathway

Careers related to all aspects of business.
These include business administration,
entrepreneurship, sales, finance and economics.
These careers are interesting to people who are
good with math and enjoy being the leader of a
club or captain of a team.

Examples of careers are business owner, auditor, stockbroker and computer systems manager.







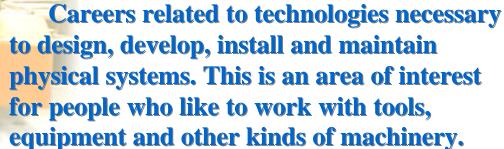
Arts & Communications Pathway

Careers related to the humanities and the performing, visual, literary and media arts. These careers are interesting to people who value creativity.

Examples are artist, journalist, graphic designer, public relations specialist, fashion designer and interior designer.







Examples of careers are automotive technician, heating/air conditioning technician, engineer (chemical, electrical, mechanical, etc.), carpenter and plumber.













Health Sciences Pathway

Careers in the promotion of health and treatment of injury and disease. This area would be of interest to people who are interested in how the body works and who care about the well being of people and animals.

Examples of careers are physician, nurse, veterinarian, physical therapist and dental hygienist.



Human Services Pathway

Careers in child care, education, civil service, hospitality and the social services. This pathway appeals to people who enjoy interacting with other people and who are interested in helping people solve their problems.

Examples of careers are teacher, social worker, religious leader, travel agent, hotel manager, chef and police officer.





Natural Resources and Agriscience

Careers related to natural resources, agriculture and the environment. This is an area for people interested in nature and animals and who prefer to work out of doors.

Examples of careers are farmer, landscaper, marine biologist, forester, conservation agent and oceanographer.

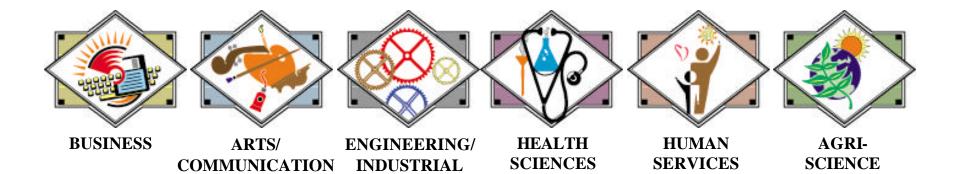




Status of Career Pathways Implementation

During the 2000-2001 school year, more than 60 high schools in Michigan had implemented Career Pathways programs.

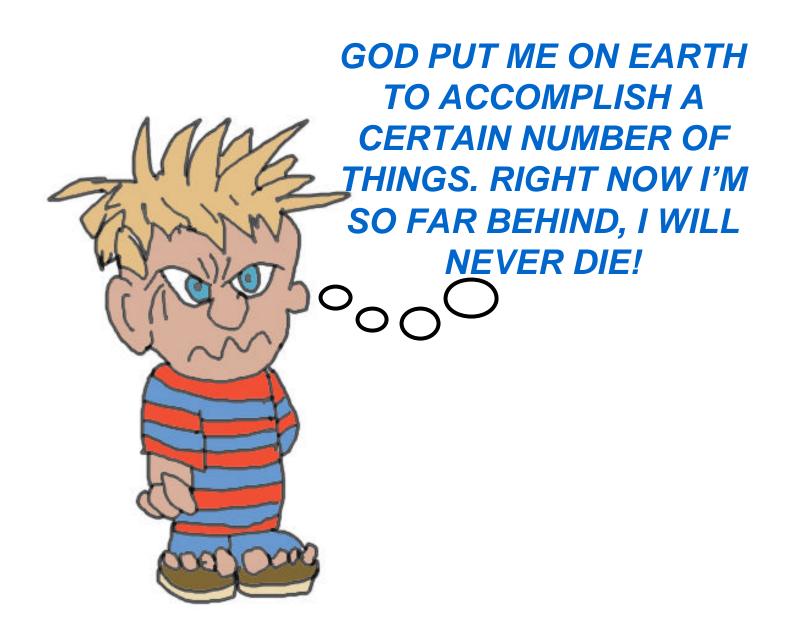




For more information about Career Pathways,

call toll free
1-866-MY-GOALS (voice/TTY)







All students will:

Develop their potential

Engage in challenging and purposeful learning

Blend their experiences with content knowledge and realworld applications

... in preparation for adult roles.



Adult Roles

Literate individuals

Healthy and fit people

Responsible family members

Productive workers

Involved citizens

Self-directed lifelong learners







and Learning Standards

Higher order thinking

Deep knowledge

Substantive conversation

Connections to the world beyond the classroom





Connections to the World Beyond the Classroom

Students make connections with knowledge and either public problems or personal experiences. The problems addressed in school should be from the real world.

Workplace connections are an important way of making connections to the real world through occupational illustrations and contexts of problem solving.



"Most successes of whole-school reform efforts are not the consequence of one practice or another, but instead the gathering of many practices under one roof and the interactions among them."

--- Key High School Reform Strategies: An Overview of Research Findings, 1999





Recurring Themes of School Reform

Change school organization (introduce Career Pathways)

Contextual learning

Professional development and time to work together

Focus on student success (for next level)

Personalize the school experience

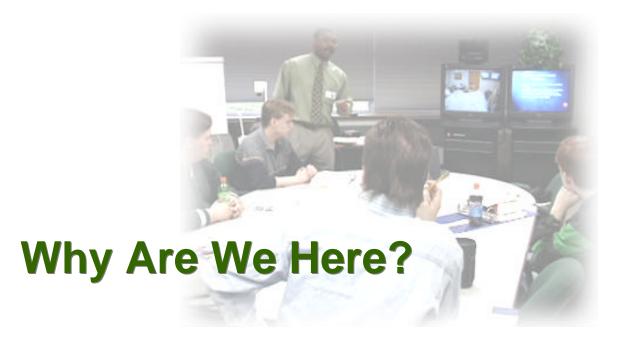




"High school is like a pumpkin...

it just rots away after Halloween!"

-- Maine high school student

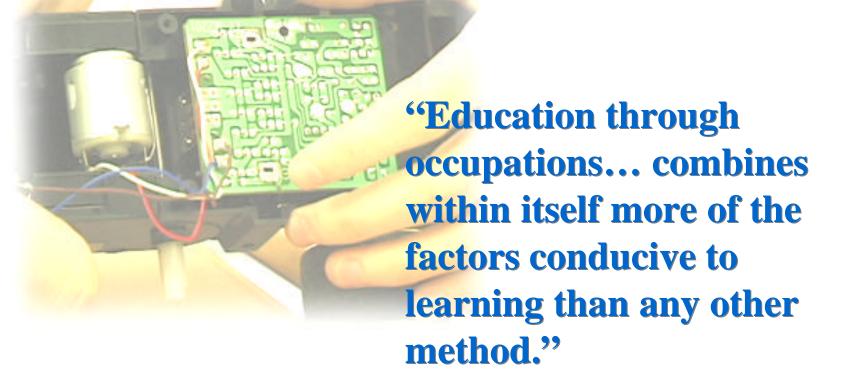


Traditional: "To help students complete high

school."

Transformation: "To help students be successful at

their next level."

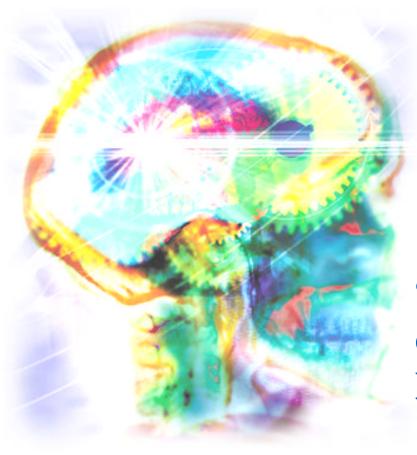


-- John Dewey, 1916



"The trouble with the future is that it usually arrives before we're ready for it."

-- Arnold H. Glasgow



"The future of work consists of learning a living."

Marshall McLuhan, University of Toronto